#### 東北大学東北アジア研究センター

# 東北アジア研究談話会



東北アジア研究センターでは、スタッフ同士の研究交流と相互理解を深めるため、毎月研究報告会(東北アジア研究談話会)を開催しています。今月は下記の日程・内容で行います。センター外の方でも、興味があるようでしたら是非ご参加ください。

## B時 2024年11月25日月

13:00~14:00

【会場】東北アジア研究センター4階大会議室

(川内合同研究棟436号室)

※会場のみでの開催です。オンライン同時配信は行いません。

報告 ①

● 使用言語:英語

"Fisheries women groups: past, current and future role in revitalisation of Japanese coastal communities"

Women's groups in rural fishery areas were established in the mid-1950s and integrated the local Fishery Cooperative Associations (FCA's) as parallel organizations in 1959. While men were occupied with building production facilities and cooperatives, women organized themselves to safeguard and enhance the daily lives of families. Over time, their contributions have evolved, and since 1995, some of them have been conducting economic entrepreneurial activities due to subsidies provided by the State through FCAs. The aim of this new role was to boost economic and social development for families and coastal communities that are dealing with depopulation issues. Economic and entrepreneurial activities by women groups are still active agents of community development. I am investigating the reasons why women quit FCA groups to develop private projects and examining the differences between the two types of groups as part of our research. Based on my current experience, I am wondering whether or not women can participate to Japan's initiative to revitalize coastal communities. I examine the obstacles faced by women in order to acknowledge their contributions to the fisheries communities and industry, as well as their status and the role of the national women's network in advancing women's empowerment.

#### 報告者

カティア・フラングデス

Prof. Katia Frangoudes

(客員教授)



UMR AMURE, University of Western Brittany

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報告 2

● 使用言語:日本語

### 「島嶼における陸産貝類相の構造決定・保全について」

報告者

木村 一書

Asst. Prof. Kazutaka Kimura



(地域生態系分野 助教)

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The current rate of extinction is estimated to be 1,000 times higher than the extinction rate before anthropogenic pressure. Approximately 80% of recent extinctions in major taxonomic groups (e.g., mammals and birds) have occurred on islands, where many species facing imminent extinction still inhabit. Thus, there is an urgent need for better understanding of insular biodiversity and conservation activities in these regions. In this talk, I will present the results of our field investigations and conservation activities focused on land snails inhabiting islands in Japan and Korea.

#### 問い合わせ先

